Topic 1	Germany's Changing Position in Europe and the World
Context	An understanding of the central role Germany played in the establishment of the European Union is fundamental to student understanding of the growing allance on the continent. The study of Germany within the European Union is important for social studies classes in the schools of the United Sates. Germany is the largest economy in Europe and, in proportion to its size and population, the leading export nation in the world. The United States and Japan, both larger countries (by three times and one and one-half times, respectively), export less by value. Like Japan, though, Germany is highly dependent on other countries for raw materials and energy. Germany's location is at the center of the continent of Europe. It is the country with the greatest number of neighbors, altogether nine: Poland and the Czech Republic to the east and southeast; Austria and Switzerland to the south; France, Luxembourg, Belgium, and the Netherlands to the west; and Denmark to the north. Austria and Switzerland are predominantly German speaking, and Poland and the Czech Republic are former Communist countries.
Focus Questions	 Why is Germany important to Europe and the United States? Why is the geography of Germany important to its economy? What are the economic and political implications of the cultural diversity of Germany?